Drama Dept. Key Stage 3: Year 7

Overall Curriculum Goals

- To introduce expectations and ways of working in Drama- 'An Introduction to Drama'.
- . Share the 4 skill areas Group skills, Key skills, Acting skills and Responding (evaluation and analysis) skills
- . Be able to recognise the skills required to develop Drama Acting Skills PEAT PIGES. Design skills- costume, set, make-up
- · Share the fundaments of Drama at Blue Coat, and to start the building blocks towards a successful Drama student.
- Lay out the foundations of the three major skillsets required beyond KS3 devising, working from scripts, and deconstruction, Page to stage process.
- Share the assessment criteria, and the 'performance/progress tracker' to promote pupil responsibility for progress.

Half Term 1+2	Spring 1+2	Summer 1+2
Introduction Scheme. Once Fortnightly .	Working with text- Classics	Introduction to Genre and Style
A lesson introducing expectations and	The scheme focuses on 'A Midsummer Night's	The scheme focuses on the genre of Commedia
ways of working; understanding the	Dream' (Shakespeare).	dell'arte and its stylistic use in contemporary
fundamental skills of Drama.	Staging transformations, developing approaches to	performance.
The scheme focuses on:	the text, AfL.	Status (2) Master/Servant, mime and physical
5 C's of Drama: the cornerstones of	Status (1) and deconstruction of language.	comedy.
effective Drama, BFL and skills.		Scripted (2) application to contemporary texts
'Every Picture tells a story'. Interpreting	Deconstructing the themes and exploring comedy.	('One Man Two Guvnors').
stimuli- becoming more challenging as unit	The state of the s	
progresses.		
Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas
PEAT PIGES.	Tableau (2)	Characterisation (2)
Tableau	Mime	Stock characters
Thoughts aloud	Narration	Improvisation
Monologue.	thoughts aloud	Lazzi
Devising	proxemics.	Gromolot
Stylised Movement	Blocking, proxemics	Shape and physicality
Narration	Physical comedy	Developing a Commedia character.
Sound Collage	Comedy devise toolkit	
Role play	Confedy devise toolkit	
Abstract, Non-naturalistic		
Atmosphere/tension		
Stimuli		
Tension toolkit		
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Drama Department. Key Stage 3: Year 8

Overall Curriculum Goals

- To build on the work in Year 7- namely 'Page to Stage' scripted, devising, deconstruction as well as the assessment, PEAT PIGES, and progress trackers
- To have a focus on a range of genre, style introduce the idea of Drama Practitioner, influence and application. Stanislavski; Naturalism, Artaud; surrealism, Theatre of Cruelty, Brecht; Political Theatre in the first term and half. Develop Physical Theatre skills and explore how Theatre Companies can also have a specific style Frantic Assembly
- Explore 'interpretation' of text, and influence- looking at historical influences- Shakespeare.

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Page to Stage: Naturalism	Devising /Non-naturalistic	Page to Stage	Page to stage 3	Macbeth	Physical Theatre
Practitioner 1: Stanislavski	Practitioner 2: Artaud	Practitioner 3: Brecht			Practitioner 4: Frantic
			*Verbatim Theatre/	*Working as an	Assembly
*Creating truth on stage	*Artaud's 'Theatre of	*Political Theatre/	Devising /Stylised style	ensemble to devise	
*Stanislavski method for	Cruelty'	Epic Theatre challenge		abstract work using	*Devising
characterisation.	*Tension/atmosphere	and educate the	* Explore the process of	extracts from the play,	*Contemporary theatre
*Context historical post-	*Stage configurations	audience.	'page to stage' and learn	'Macbeth'.	making in practice.
Melodrama.	*Minimal set/Props.	*What messages are	how to 'block' scripted	MacDetti .	*Frantic Assembly
	William Sec, 110ps.	you giving the	work in a creative and	d=	approach the devising
Stimulus text 'Blue	Stimulus text, 'Woman in	audience and how?	interesting way.	*Tension/ atmosphere	process.
Remembered Hills'	· ·	*Exploration and	- ,		*Physical Theatre to
	Black'	application of		Stimulus, 'Macbeth'	communicate meaning
This is the first completely		Brecht's principles	Stimulus- <i>Lizzie Borden</i>		*Working from an
naturalistic play they have	Moving onto non-naturalistic				abstract idea
staged.	characterisation and surreal	Stimulus 'Noughts and		*Thematic; loyalty,	
	dreamlike style.	Crosses'	Combination of Natural	guilt, innocence, and	
			and Non-naturalistic	fate—all deal with the	Physical Theatre and non-
		*Thematic; racism,	elements to create an		naturalistic ways of
		bias in the media	engaging piece of drama.	central idea of	working
		Political/Theatre to	engaging piece of drama.	ambition and its	WOTKING
		change non-		consequences.	
		<u>naturalistic</u>			

Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Id eas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Idea s	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Idea s	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas
STANISLAVSKI Given Circumstances, imagination, Emotion Memory Total Life of the character, Inner Monologue	ARTAUD-Theatre of Cruelty/grotesque Character Immersive theatre centralising the audience, Meta Theatre Abstract use of sound/lighting to heighten the audiences' senses, use of non-naturalistic techniques	BRECHT Epic Theatre, Distancing Exposing the mechanics of the stage, multi-role, Ensemble Breaking the fourth wall. Proxemics and semiotics	Documentary Theatre Verbatim Stylised Tension Toolkit Interpretation Simultaneous action	Prologue Subtext Ensemble Tension Toolkit Interpretation Monologues Choral Speaking Repetition Simultaneous Action Sound collage Body as Prop Stylised Movement Shakespearian Dialogue	Explore concepts such as: the physicality of the actor, lifts, round by through. Chair duets, techniques which are detailed in 'The Frantic Assembly Devising Handbook'.
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					Potential for a Frantic Assembly workshop

Key Stage 3: Year 9

Overall Curriculum Goals

- Consolidation of skills studied in year 7 and 8: Page to Stage, devising, PEAT PIGES, style and genre.
- Exploration of the work by contemporary playwrights: Mark Wheeller, Davey Anderson and Willy Russell.
 - Introduction to T.I.E and how to create work with a moral message.
 - Developing the application of practitioner influence: Stanislavski, Brecht, Artaud.
 - Understanding the process of making drama and how to analyse and evaluate theatre.

Autumn: Half Term 1+2	Spring: Half Term 1+2	Summer: Half Term 1+2
Page to stage:	<u>Deconstruction</u>	Devising Project
*T.I.E (Theatre in Education)	*Blood Brothers.	
		Stimuli:
*Theatre of Mark Wheeler and Davey Anderson	*Practical exploration the play, its themes, and	 The Scream (painting by Edvard Munch)
*Verbatim theatre	characters	 Mental Cases (poem by Wilfred Owen)
	*Deconstructing the play taking an analytical and	The Sad Club (selected scene from the musica)
Stimuli:	evaluative approach	by Luke Barnes)
Hard to Swallow	*How to apply the assessment criteria to their own	
 Too Much Punch for Judy 	work.	

Blackout Contemporary playwrights with a unique and up to date style of play text- often written in prose targeting an ensemble style group performance.		The scheme highlights the importance of keeping a record of workshops and logs. Ensuring the holistic approach to Drama is emphasised.
Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas	Key Vocabulary/Concepts/Ideas
Interpretation Aims and intentions. Exploration of Evaluation and Analysis Language of evaluation Distil to the essence, Ensemble Two Touch Theatre T.I.E (Theatre in Education)	Exploration – selected extracts/ themes, characterisation, directing, design acting skills status, Genre Vocal/ physical skills Interpretation. Aims and intentions.	Production values Negative and positive evaluation analyse/annotate text understanding of plot/character development.
CIAG	CIAG	CIAG
	Potential for a Frantic Assembly workshop	